

An Object-Oriented Data Model for Regional Planning

DRCOG's Approach

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Three things

- 1) Contemporary GIS carries ontological baggage that's getting in the way
- 2) Object-oriented data modeling (OODM) offers a distinct way of thinking about geospatial data that helps
- 3) DRCOG is working to overcome point 1 using point 2!

Outline

- 1) Context
- 2) Ontological baggage of contemporary GIS
- 3) Object-oriented data model as a way forward
- 4) DRCOG's efforts
- 5) Concluding Thoughts

Context

- Denver Regional Council of Governments
 - 52 members
 - Approx. 6,000 sq miles
 - Population of 2.6 million
 - Accounts for 62% of productive capacity of CO.
- Forum for collaborative decision making
- Area Agency on Aging
- Elevator Inspections and other services

Context

- Data management
 - Ad hoc
 - Problem/issue focused
 - Programmatic
 - “Stove pipes”
- Lots of duplication and redundancy
 - The problem we’re trying to fix
- We become data rich, while remaining information poor!

Point 1: Contemporary GIS has baggage!

What's wrong with this picture?

- Problematic ontology of space
 - Outline has primacy
 - Space occupied by the object, rather than the object occupying space
 - Framed by technology
 - Old technology at that!
- **Need to put the ontological horse back in front of the technological cart**

Point 2:
**Object-oriented data modeling
as a way forward**

OODM as a way forward

- Distinct “object-oriented” way of thinking
 - Nouns rather than verbs
 - Identified through bottom-up, inductive process
- World populated by objects
 - Unique, independent and autonomous agents
 - Do nothing but be themselves!

OODM as a way forward

- “Ecosystemic” in its thinking
 - Agents are distinct and autonomous (individual)
 - Collective agency is distinct (species-level)
 - Species interaction with and within surrounding environment is distinct (ecosystem)

OODM

- Paradigmatically different from existing ontologies of space
- Object is primary
 - Object occupying space rather than space occupied by the object
 - Geometry is a trait, rather than the defining feature

Point 3: DRCOG's efforts

DRCOG's design approach

- Tackling our data management challenge holistically
 - “Enterprise” wide
- Tackling it organically
 - “The region” as an “ecosystemic” entity
- Tackling it pragmatically

Design guides

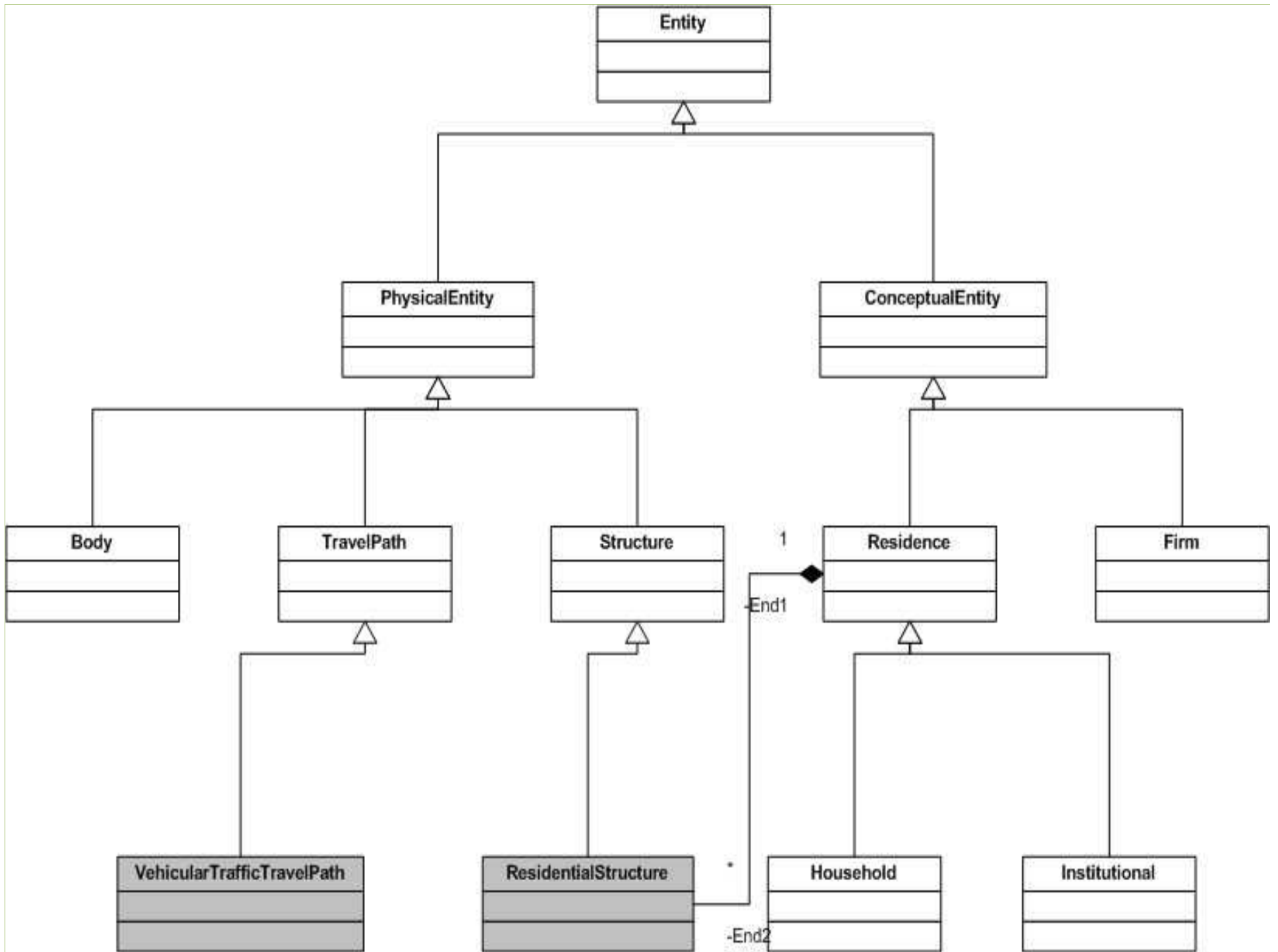
- Comprehensive in scope
- Inductively defined
- Technologically independent
- Modeled holistically
- Realistic spatial ontology

OO deconstruction of DRCOG's region

- Physical entities
 - The specific sites of “action” in our region
 - Deconstructed into three constituent parts:
 - Structures
 - Paths
 - Bodies
 - 4288 Green Ct
 - Structures: House, garage
 - Paths: driveway, sidewalk, front walk
 - Bodies: front yard, back yard

Deconstructing our region

- Conceptual entities
 - Social units making decisions that give our region its dynamic character
 - Firms
 - Residences
 - Characteristic information about these units
 - Attributes
 - Geography



What does this do for us?

- Holistic representation of the region
- Organic representation
 - Not thematic; not problem specific
 - True to the “things” that make our region what it is
- Technology free representation
 - “Things,” not layers!
 - Deployable in more contexts
- More sophisticated ontological perspective

Next steps

- Populate (Current)
- Serve current pop/employment estimation and forecasting processes (Spring 07)
- Regional dynamics (Summer 07/08)

Concluding thoughts

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- Question established “geo-ontologies”
 - Cheap representation of a much richer reality
 - One that we need to get beyond
- Shift perspective
 - From “space of objects” to “objects in space”
- Model data organically
 - OODM
- Stop thinking about this stuff!
 - It gives you a headache

THANK YOU

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